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Cadiz, Aug. 15.

THE 13th inſtant arrived here the Dutch Squadron under the command of the Sieur *Cornelis Evertz*, and found orders from the States General of the United Provinces his Maſters, to continue here till he have farther directions from them; but his ſhips wanting Proviſions, which he cannot ſupply them with here, he will not be able to make any long ſtay in this Port.

Madrid, Aug. 27. We have Letters from *Catalonia* which adviſe, that the French Troops were retired towards *Rouſillon*. *Don Vincenzo Gonzague* Viceroy of *Sicily*, is made of the Council of State, and the Count *de Santiſtevan* Viceroy of *Sicily*, is to ſucceed him in the Government of *Sardinia*, and the Marquis *de Filla-fiel*, who at preſent commands the Royal Armada, is to be Viceroy of *Sardinia*.

Naples, Aug. 16. The Prince of *Monteſarchio* is arrived here with five Men of War from *Palermo*. The Troops deſigned for *Catalonia* will embark on theſe and other ſhips hired for that purpoſe in a day or two. From *Meſſina* they write, that the Prince *de Gonzague* was upon his departure from thence for *Palermo*, when he received orders from *Spain*, to execute which he was obliged to continue ſome time longer at *Meſſina*.

Vienna, Aug. 31. The news at Court is, that the Rebels in *Hungary* ſince their having been forced to quit the Siege of *Eſperies*, have had ſeveral other loſſes; that their whole Body is diſperſed, and that General *Dunewalt* continues to purſue them. Count *Leſle*, who commands the Emperors Forces in thoſe parts in chief, has ſent hither to know the Emperors pleaſure whether he may enter upon the Territories of the Prince of *Tranſilvania*, in his purſuit of the Rebels. By the way of *Poland* we have advice of a Battel fought between the Turks and the Moſcovites near *Czecherin*, in which the latter obtained the Victory, with the loſs of 11000 men, though of double that number on the part of the Turks, and that if the night had not parted them, the loſs would have been much greater on both ſides. The account we have from the *Rhine* is, that the City of *Strasburg* is very much ſtreightned; that the Duke of *Lorrain*'s Army hath ſuffered much, and is weakned by the difficult and hard marches they have been obliged to; that he expected a reinforcement of 5 or 6000 of the Troops of the Circles, and when they had joined him, would paſs the *Rhine*.

Dantzicke, Sept. 3. The advice we have from *Poland* is, that the Turks puſh on the Siege of *Czecherin* with all the vigor poſſible, that they had ſtormed the place every day for 16 days together but had been as often repulſed with great loſs; that their Army conſiſted in 160000 men, but that the Moſcovites were much ſtronger, yet were unwilling to hazard a Battel, at leaſt were deſired to defer it till the Turks were more weakned by the Siege they were engaged in; and from *Ruſſemburg* we have freſh Letters which ſay, that the Turks had made a general Storm upon *Czecherin*, and that they had been repulſed with very great loſs. The differences that have ſo long diſtracted this City, are in a fair way of being compoſed, Dr. *Strauch*, whoſe baniſhment was the chief occaſion of them, being reſtored to the Place he had in the Miniſtry of this City, and on Thurſday next he Preaches his firſt Sermon ſince his return.

Copenhagen, Sept. 6. This afternoon our King returned to his Army in *Schonen*. Lieutenant-General *Arenſdorf* is here, and is commanded not to ſtir out of his houſe, it is ſaid that he is charged with ſome Articles which are of very great importance. The Count *de St. Paul* is ordered for *Norway*, to command the Kings Troops there, from whence 5 or 6000 men are arrived in the *Sound*, who were employed in the Siege of *Bahus*.

Hamburg, Sept. 9. We have Letters from *Straelſond* of the 6th inſtant, which ſay, that the Danes had made two or three eſſays to Land, that the firſt was only with two or three Chaloups, who had been repulſed; that the ſecond time they manned 37 Chaloups; that Count *Conigſmarke* having an account of it, placed one of his Regiments in an Ambuſcade, who having ſuffered the Danes to land quietly, then fell upon them, killed many, and took the reſt priſoners; but it was believed this would not diſcourage the Danes from making the great deſcent for which they were preparing, of which we muſt expect the ſucceſs.

Strasburg, Sept. 5. The French having poſſeſſed themſelves of the Fort in the *Rhine*, called the *Weert*, they have enlarged the ſame, and added new Fortifications to it, becauſe of the uſe it is to them to ſhut up this City on that ſide, and for that reaſon we have endeavoured to remove them from thence; but hitherto our attempts have been unſucceſsful, though juſt now we have an account, that ſome Troops of the Gariſon of *Offenburg* attack the ſaid Fort, of which by our next we may be able to give you a farther account. We have at preſent 8000 Soldiers in this City, and parties of them go out daily, and return generally with Booty. It is ſaid that Overtures have been made to our Magiſtrates on the part of the Mareſchal *de Crequi*, concerning the putting an end to the hoſtilities which are at preſent exerciſed on both ſides, but the minds of people here are ſo exaſperated with the late proceedings of the French, that this City has wholly put it ſelf into the Arms and Protection of the Imperialiſts, and will not enter into any meaſures with the French, who they think have already done them all the harm they can.

Francfort, Sept. 5. Notwithſtanding all the care that is taken by the Duke of *Lorrain* to prevent all diſorders of his Troops, yet great complaints are made